

# Tunnel Market Survey 2019

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#### INTRODUCTION

This study is the third edition of a market survey compiling global figures of construction of tunnels over the world.

One of the objectives is of course for stakeholders of the industry to know trends in the market as well as possibility of development for their own business.

Even for ITA, which is the leading international organization promoting the use of tunnels and underground space through knowledge sharing and application of technology, getting global figures is a hard task. Since the first edition in 2014, ITA has pursued its work in collecting data. The ITA Member Nations (78 countries) have been involved in collecting the data prepared by ITA secretariat. In this analysis data are coming from 96 countries.

Even with the help of ITA Member Nations, it is not meant to be a fully comprehensive market study but collecting more than 80%-90% of what has been done in term of tunnelling works during the year.

For some countries we succeed to get global figures but no detailed ones. Altogether it represents over 4,200 projects. 1615 projects were in construction in 2019, including 750 in China and 2615 were in study or planning phase, including 1280 in China.

#### **GLOBAL CONSTRUCTION OUTPUT**

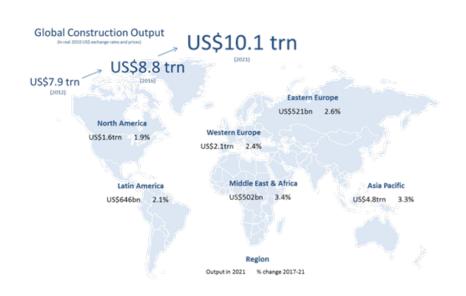
In 2017, the global construction industry output has been evaluated at 10.8 trillion US\$ (9.2 trillion €) for a global world GDP of 80 trillion US\$, so a share of 12.5%.

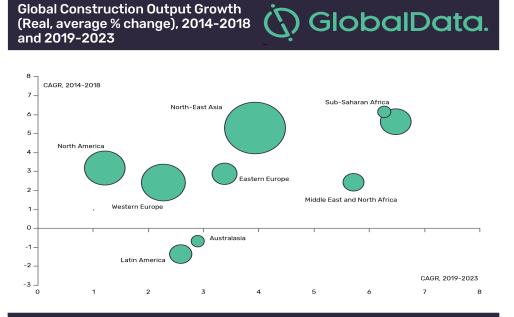
The global construction output growth has been during the last years higher than the global GDP.

With a growth of an average of 3.6% per year for 2018 and 2019, the estimation of the global construction output for 2019 is of 11.6 trillion US \$ (10.5 trillion €)

The growth was supposed to continue at the same pace to reach 13 trillion US\$ in 2022. Of course, the pandemic that has just occurred will totally change these figures, even though infrastructure construction could be encouraged in several parts of the world.

The growth pace of construction market in China has continued to slow down in the last years, where the growth in India and South East Asia has continued on a pace of #6%. In Australasia, the growth that was negative between 2013 to 2017 is now nearly reaching 4%





Source: GlobalData's Construction Intelligence Center

#### **TUNNEL CONSTRUCTION IN 2019**

As stated in the introduction, we have been collected data on tunnelling construction since 2011 in order to have a better view on what is going on and be able to present to you comprehensive figures in term of turn over and length of tunnels built in the world and in the different geographical areas.

The data collected represent around 1600 different construction sites all over the world. Some are quite big representing more than 500 million US\$ of output in the year 2019 and some are very small sites with less than 1 million € output in 2019.

Worldwide this analysis shows a global output for tunnel and underground space construction of

# 125bn€ (140 bn US\$)

This is to compare with 86bn€/ 110 bn US\$ in 2017

The growth of around 9% per year in the tunnelling market is 2.5 times as big as the global construction growth.

In terms of km of tunnels constructed the yearly average is the same as in previous years

5,200 km

This figure may seemed odd, but the main reason is that the information on China that we have had during these years may vary a lot, and as China is a very important share of the market it influences the global figures.

Considering that civil engineering is usually 20% of the construction market, the tunnelling market is representing 6 to 7% of the infrastructure construction market. Of course this share varies a lot depending on the countries.

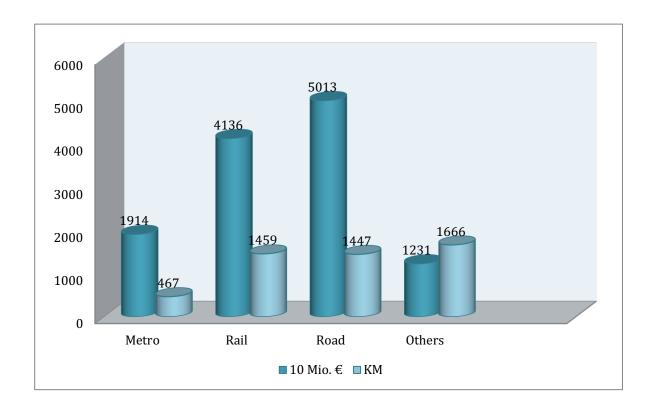
Nevertheless these figures really show the importance and in fact the growing importance of construction of tunnels in the world.

It is also interesting to see the breakdown by use of tunnels.

Rail tunnels are over the world representing a share of 29% of the length of tunnels excavated during the year and 34% of the output.

Road tunnels represent 29% in kilometres and 40 % in output, where metro tunnels represent only 9% in kilometres but 16% in output.

At the opposite other types of tunnels, including tunnels for hydro and utilities represent 33 % in length and only 10% in cost.

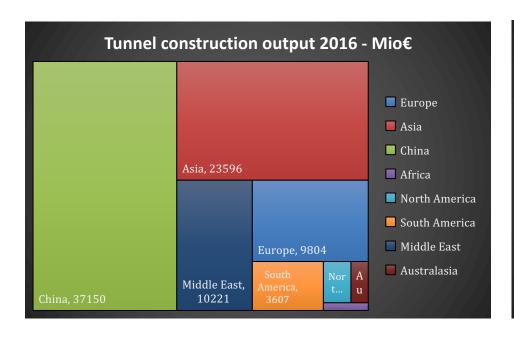


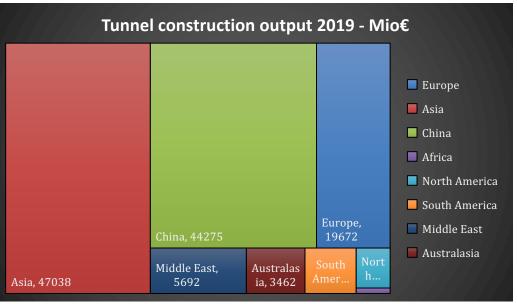
#### **BREAKDOWN BY GEOGRAPHICAL AREAS**

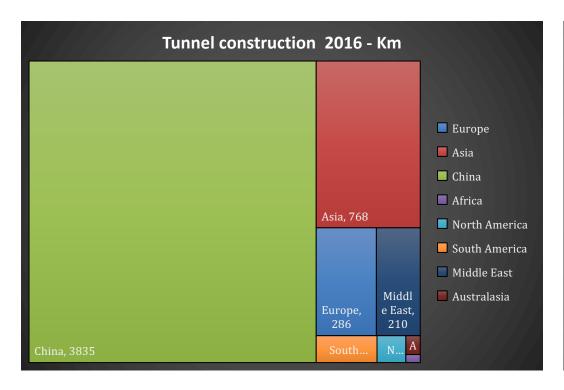
The evolution of the market between 2016 and 2019 is clear on the graphs hereafter.

One main reason is the lower growth on the Chinese market compared to the other large markets that are Asia (without China) and Europe. This is partly due to the difficulty to get precise information on the ongoing projects, to a general slowdown of the global economic growth which lead to a total smaller global length of tunnels excavated compensated by an increase in the cost of construction, largely depending on the different uses of the tunnels.

For Europe and Asia we can observe a growth of 100% in the output and of 50 to 75% in the global length of tunnels.



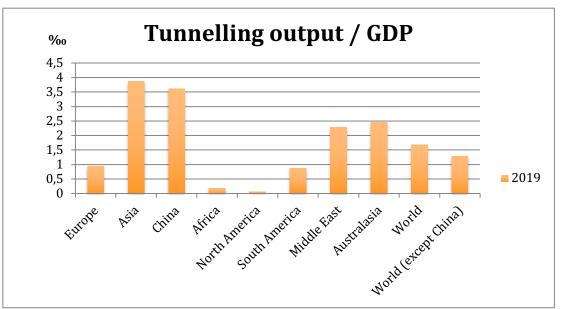






As for previous study, we have calculated the importance of the tunnelling construction in regards of the total GDP of the country.

Worldwide tunnel construction represents 1.7% of GDP varying from 0.1% in North America to 3.9% in Asia, with 1% in Europe, 2.3% in Midlle East, 2.5% in Australasia and 3.5% in China



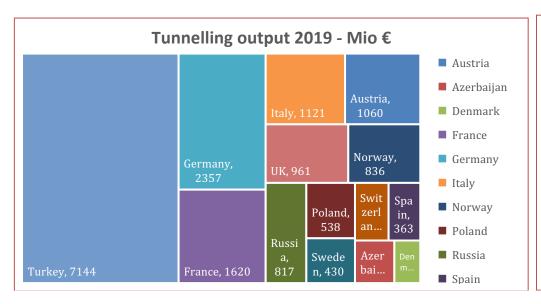
#### **Europe**

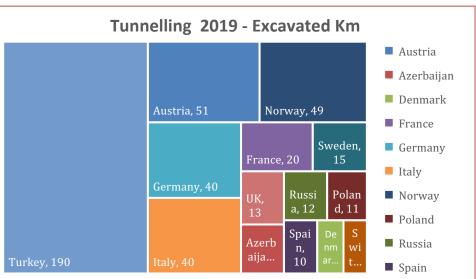
Until the beginning of the years 2010's, Europe has been the largest tunnelling market.

It is no longer the case, as China represents now by itself more than 50% of the length of the tunnels in construction and between 40 and 50% of the output of the tunnelling market

In 2019, Turkey became the first tunnelling market in Europe, both in term of output (7,144 Mio€) as in term of excavated kilometres of tunnel (190 km)

In term of output, Turkey is followed by Germany (2,357 Mio€), France (1,620 Mio€), Italy (1,121 Mio€), Austria (1,060Mio€) and UK (961 Mio€). In term of length of tunnels excavated during the year 2019, Turkey is still the largest market in Europe (190 km), followed by Austria (51 km), Norway (49 km), Germany and Italy (40 km). This difference comes from the different types of tunnels built in the different countries. For example, 90% of the tunnelling output in France in 2019 is coming from metro construction, where in Norway it represents less than 5%.

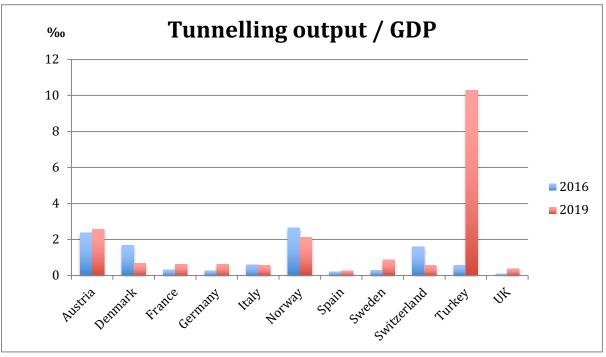




In details, tunnelling construction vs GDP shows changes along the years.

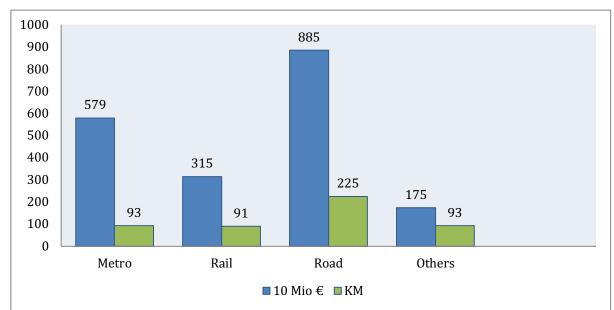
In 2016, Norway, with a ratio 2.65 % was the country spending relatively the most on tunnel construction followed by Austria, Switzerland, Denmark and Italy and Turkey.

In 2019, Turkey has a ratio nearly 4 times higher (10.3%) followed by Austria (2.6%), Norway (2.15%) and other European countries being between 0.6 and 1%.



### Repartition by use in Europe

On the graph opposite, you can see the repartition of tunnelling works by use of tunnels as well in output as in km.

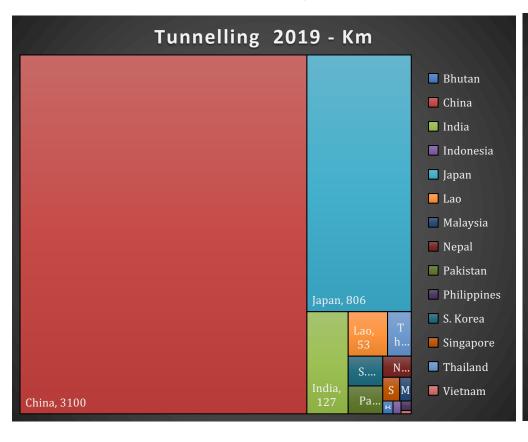


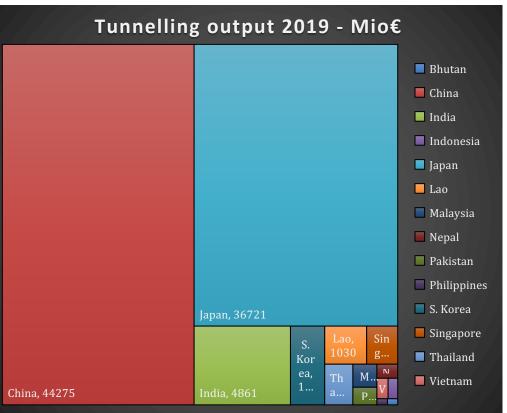
#### Asia

Globally, the whole Asia including China, represents more than 70% of the world tunnelling market.

China itself represents 60% of the length of tunnel excavated, the rest of Asia 23%; In term of output, China represents 35% and the rest of Asia 37.5%

If we consider only metro, rail and road tunnels, globally Asia represents 73%, including China for 35% in output and 82% in length including China (62%)





#### China

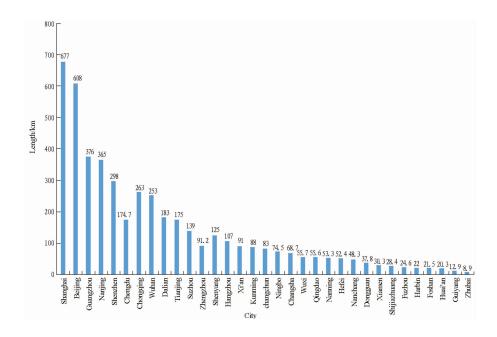
If China remains the biggest tunnelling market, its share is now only 35% compared to 45% 3 years ago in terms of output. Nevertheless, in terms of excavated length of tunnels, it still represents 60%.

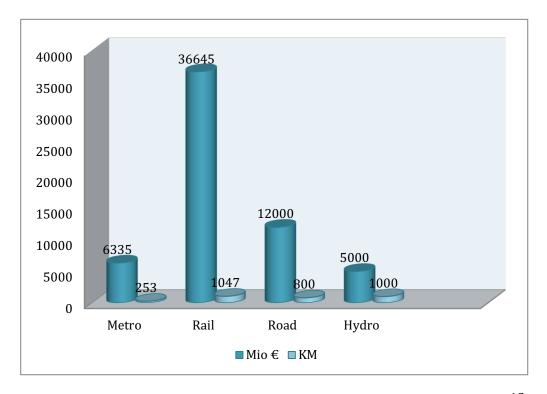
Concerning tunnels, the initiating growth coincides with the allocating of the Olympic games to Beijing. The government decided in the same time to build metro lines in Beijing but also in many other countries but also to build all over the country a high-speed line network.

The latest statistics showed that end of 2019, the operating mileage of urban rail transit in mainland China was over 5,000 km. In the past years several cities opened their first metro lines such as Shijiazhuang, Guiyang, Xiamen and Zhuhai. The 5000 km are mainly subway with only about 250 km of light railway. 33 cities in China have got an underground metro network:

Yearly around 400 to 500 new railway tunnels are put into operation representing roughly 1000 km of new tunnels. At the moment the railway tunnels in operation in China Mainland are above 15,000 with a total length of about 16 to 17 thousand of km;

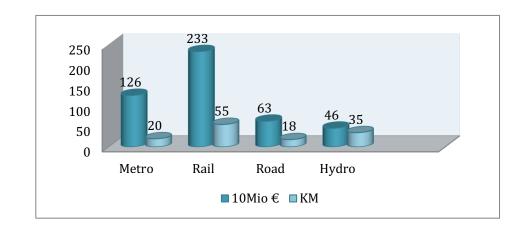
The tunnels for high-speed lines in construction are about 1,500 with a total length of about 3,057 km; among them 8 tunnels longer than 15 km were in construction Concerning roads and mainly highways, around 1,000 tunnels are built yearly for a total length of 1,250 km.





#### India

Compared to 2016, the global tunnelling market has nearly doubled and is continuing to grow. The tunnelling output in 2019 reached 4,700 Mio € compared to 2,850 Mio€ in 2016. Main growth comes from rail and road tunnels.

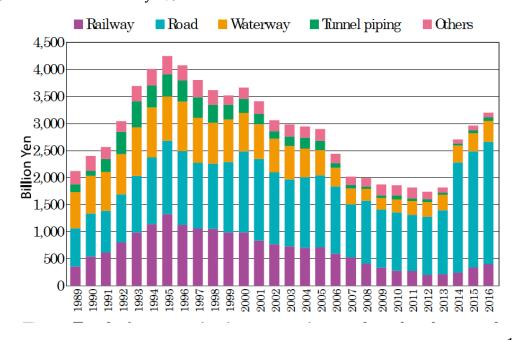


#### Japan

The total amount of construction investment in tunnels and underground spaces in Japan increased rapidly until 1995, but since 1995 it has been on the downturn due to continuing governments curbs on public investments. However, from 2011 it had been flat because of reconstruction demands after the Great East Japan Earthquake and in 2014 it tended to increase drastically again due to improvement projects of the transportation network for the coming 2020 Olympic games in Tokyo. Since then it has increased from 22bn € in 2014 to 36bn € in 2019 so a growth of 12.5% per year during these last 5 years.

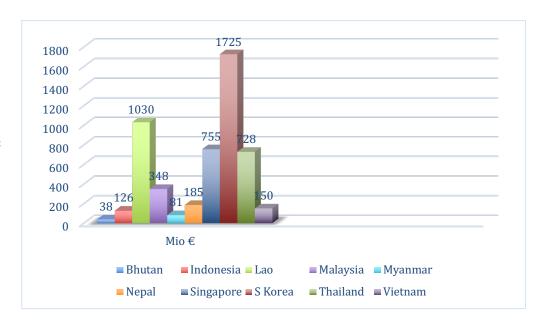
Roads represent 60% of the total investment where railway tunnels represent 30% and metro tunnels only 3%

	No. of construction section	Total length (km)	Contract amount (US\$bn)
Road	234	354	20.7
Railway	74	213	6.2
Waterway	150	261	5.1
Overseas	22	93	4.8
Others	46	96	1.8
Grand Total	526	1017	38.6



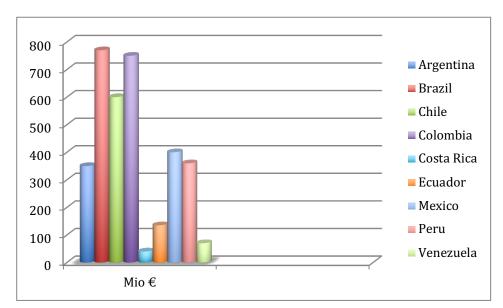
#### Other Asian countries

The two other major tunnelling markets are South Korea and Singapore. Both markets are mature, with mainly permanent metro construction in Singapore and metro and rail in South Korea. Even if the total amount of works done during the year 2019 has been less than in 2016 the global amount of works in progress has grew by more than 100% in the two countries. In Thailand, due both to metro construction and hydro projects the market has increased rapidly during the past years being multiplied by more than 4 between 2016 and 2019. In Malaysia despite periods of stop and go the market remains around 400 mil€ per year. The huge hydro projects in different countries such as Lao, Nepal and even starting in Bhutan are contributing the global growth in the region.



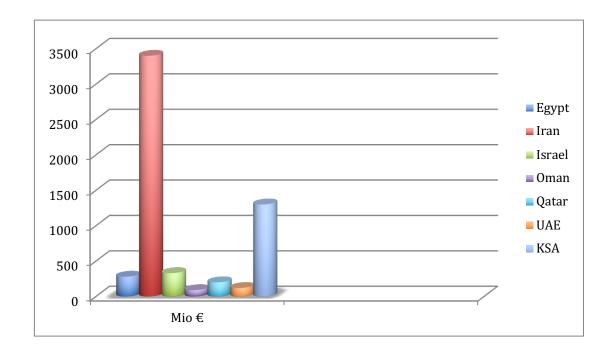
#### Latin America

The Latin American Countries have quite homogeneous market between 350 and 750 million  $\in$  output. except The Latin American market remained stable during the past years with a global output of 3.1 bn $\in$ .



#### **Middle East**

Globally the Middle East region has been the most expanding region with a market growth of around 300%. This is mainly due to 3 countries Iran, Qatar and Saudi Arabia. In the two latest it is due to huge metro development and in Iran to road and rail tunnels.

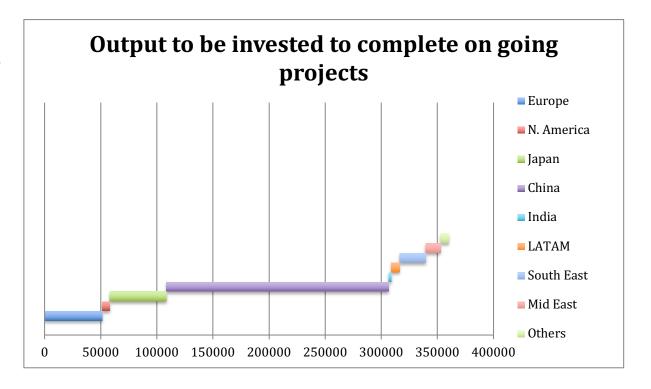


# **TUNNEL CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS**

Taking into account all tunnels that were in construction in 2019, we have quantified the output still to be invested to complete all these projects.

This global out put is of **360 bn€** including 200 bn € for Chinese projects. It globally represents three years of work.

The geographical output of these projects to be completed is given below.



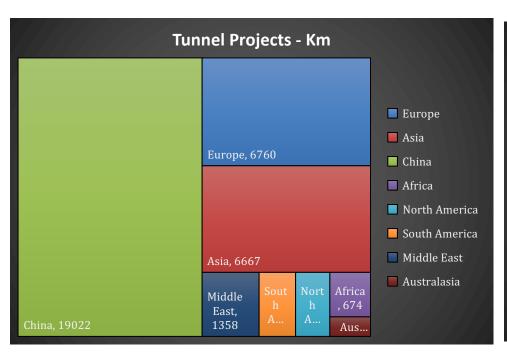
# The planned global output is of 1385 bn€ representing more than 11 years of tunnelling works. Outside China it represents 912 bn€.

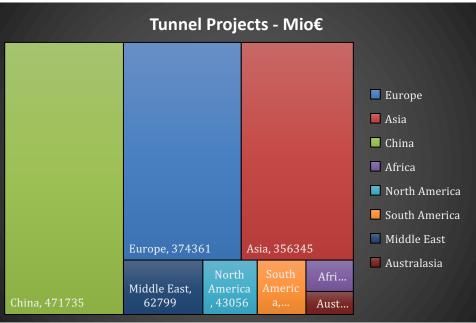
Concerning future projects in design or planning phases, the analysis is somehow a difficult task as the pace of programming is very changing from countries to countries.

We have identified tunnelling projects all over the world. For those which studies have already been made or being in an advanced stage, the information, notably on the cost are accurate, for those that will be built in a longer term or which are only at a feasibility study stage, the cost estimation has been made on average costs for similar projects in a similar geographical zone.

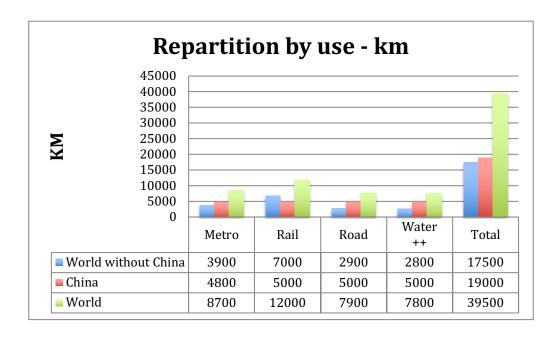
The data collected represent around 2,600 different projects all over the world. Depending on the stage of the project, the project can be considered as a whole or if the studies are more advanced, it could have been divided in several projects

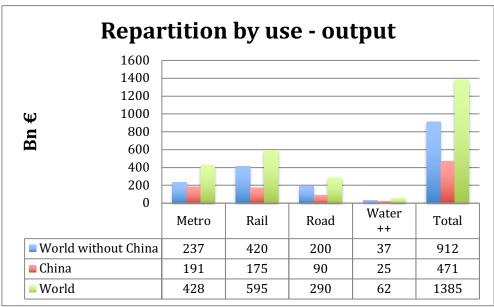
As already written, in Europe most of projects often needs years or even decades to come to the construction stage where in other parts of the world decision and financing can go more quickly.





The repartition of future projects by use is given below for the world without China, China and the total world





# **AFRICA**

In 2019, ITA released a first draft survey on prospective of Tunnelling and Underground Works in Africa. Taking into account the economic, population development of large cities we established a list of potential projects in 10 countries.

Country	Tunnels and Underground Space - Main projects
Egypt (MN)	Cairo Metro Lines 3,4,5 & 6 (102 km) Alexandria (40 km) – Road Tunnels (20km) – Rail Tunnels (25km); Waste water system (45km)- Hydro : <4 km
South Africa (incl. Lesotho)(MN)	Lesotho LHWP (#85km) - Gautrain (#10km) – Highspeed Johannesburg/Durban/Musina (5-8 km)
Morocco (MN)	Rail tunnels (15 + 40 km Gibraltar) – Road tunnels (10 km) – Hydro (5 km) – Waste water/ irrigation: 15 km – Metro (< 5 km) Casablanca
Ethiopia	Rail tunnels: (35- 40 km) mountainous north/northwest area – Road tunnels (4-6 km) – Hydro: (6 km) GERD, Gibe III, Koysha – Waste water/irrigation: (5 km) small scale projects
Kenya	Waste water/irrigation: 60-80 km (Master Plan 2030) – Rail tunnels (5 km) Kisimu – Road tunnels (< 2 km) – Hydro (6 km) Seven Forks, Magwagwa, Sondu – Metro (0 km)
Rwanda	Rail tunnels (5-8 km) – Road tunnels (2 km) Kigali – Waste water/irrigation: 20 km (Kigali, Mukanga, Nyagatare) – Hydro: 6 km (Rusizi III +IV)
Tanzania	Rail tunnels (10 km) Dar es Salaam-Morogno and Morogno-Makutoproa – Road tunnels (< 2km) – Hydro (6-8 km) – Waste water/irrigation (10-15 km)
Nigeria (MN)	Metro (6-8 km) Nairobi – Rail tunnels (10-15 km) - Road tunnels (< 1 km) – Waste water/irrigation :( > 15 km) Abuja, Kano – Hydro : 40 km (Mambilla, Zunguru, Guara)
Ghana	Rail tunnels (3-5 km) Ghana to Burkina line – Road tunnels (<3 km) – Hydro (2-4 km) – Waste water/irrigation: (10 km) Accra, Kumasi, Metro (0 km) Accra and Kumasi light rail elevated lines planned.
Ivory Coast	Metro (5 km) Abidjan - Rail tunnels (10 km) - Road tunnels (< 2km) - Waste water/irrigation: 5 km - Hydro (5 km)

#### **CONCLUSION**

Of course, the pandemic that hit the whole world in early 2020 and is not yet over, will have consequences on the tunnel market for 2020 but also for the following years.

In many countries, most construction sites have been on hold for several months and mandatory health measures are having an impact on the rate of progress of the tunnel works.

In view of the progress of major projects, a reduction of up to 25% in the length of the excavated tunnels, depending on the country, could be envisaged for the year 2020. It could represent up to 1000 km less excavated.

For the years to come, the various conjuncture institutes forecast an overall growth in construction of around 10 to 15% in 2021 (compared to 2020) and growth of 2 to 4% per year in the following years (2022 to 2024).

At this stage, it is difficult to predict what the exact consequences will be on the tunnelling industry.

It seems that in Europe, for example, the number of tenders has not decreased, but we do not have enough hindsight to know whether this will last.

In many countries, the infrastructure sector is expected to show relatively healthy growth driven by government efforts, particularly in rail and public transport, as well as in energy and utility projects. All of these projects generally generate tunnelling works.

In some countries, the recovery may take longer. This seems to be the case in India where the budget deficit affects investments in the public sector. Latin America, which is severely suffering from the pandemic, is the continent where construction is contracting the most - around 25% - and could continue to contract in 2021.

Conversely, China, which is the largest market for tunnel construction, appears to have weathered the consequences of the pandemic with infrastructure investments falling by less than 1% and even increasing by more than 5%. in rail transport in the first eight months of 2020.

If we try to aggregate the above information, we could see an overall decline of 10% to 15 % in 2020 and a growth of around 3-5% per year (compared to 7-9% in previous years) in the 3 years to come.



		Г						In c	onstruc	tion in 2	019												FUTUI	RE PRO	DJECT	S					$\neg$
	2016		2019		Metro	0		Ra	ail		Roa	ıds		Hydro	/ water		To be done	Proje	cts	Metr	ro		Ra	ıil		Roa	ds		Hydro	/ water	
	Mio€	km	Mio€	М	lio€	Km	€/km	Mio€	Km	€/km	Mio€	Km	€/km	Mio€	Km	€/km	Mio€	Mio€	Km	Mio€	km	€/km	Mio€	km	€/km	Mio€	km	€/km	Mio€	km	€/km
Afghanistan		0	0	0														140	2,6							140	2,6	53,8			
Albania		4	8	93							71,0	5,0	14,2	12,0	3,0	4,0	150	495	31,0							455	7,0	65,0	40	24,0	1,7
Algeria	3	8	3	183	133,0	2,0	66,5				50,0	0,7	71,4				357	1775	37,0	825	15,0	55,0	250	12,0	20,8	700	10,0	70,0			
Angola			3	31										30,5	2,6	11,7	70														
Argentina	27	7	20	352				265,0	4,0	66,3				87,0	16,0	5,4	1137	4880	178										4880	178,0	27,4
Australia	75	0	46 <b>3</b>	162	850,0	17,0	50,0	443,0	6,0	73,8	2168,0	22,7	95,5				5900	14265	257,5	2950	64,0	46,1	6525	113,5	57,5	4250	50,0	85,0	540	30,0	18,0
Austria	87	5	51 <b>1</b>	060	8,2			838,0	39,0		127,0	2,0	63,5	98,0	10,0	9,8	2094	9266	219,0	1300	22,5	57,8	3950	69,0	57,2	3903	120,0	32,5	50	8,0	6,3
Azerbaïdjan	4	9	12	334	45,0	1,0	45,0	110,0	2,0	55,0	148,0	2,3	65,8	31,0	6,5	4,8	230	8705	183,0	7200	160,0	45,0	490	10,0	49,0	925	13,0	71,2			
Bangladesh			2	154							154,0	2,0	77,0				650														
Belarus	20	0	1	85	75,0	1,0	75,0										250	600	7,0	600	7,0	85,7									
Belgium	1	8	0	43				10,0									98	5363	87,0	643	4,4	146,1	3850	72,0	53,5	870	10,0	87,0			
Bhutan	4	2	4	38										38,0	4,0	9,5	241	2370	82							2170	62,0	35,0	200	20,0	10,0
Bolivia			0																												
Bosnia Herzegovina	2	6	5	52							39,0	2,2	17,7	13,0	2,6	5,0	178	1195	50,0							1195	50,0	23,9			
Brazil	110	0	25	770	115,0	2,1	54,8	135,0	2,4	56,3	280,0	4,0	70,0	120,0	16,0	7,5	2662	10395	173	4180	64,2	65,1	4500	90,0	50,0	645	8,4	76,8	70	10,0	7,0
Bulgaria		8	2	148	127,0	1,5	84,7	3,5			18,0	0,5	36,0				662	3416	60,0	822	12,0	68,5	1664	35,0	47,5	930	13,0	71,5			
Canada	27	0	7	185	60,0	1,0	60,0	9,0						115,0	6,0	19,2	695	6272	140	3672	66,0	55,6				1770	21,0	84,3	830	53,0	15,7
Chile	70	0	18	603							270,0	3,4	79,4	248,0	15,0	16,5	2476	7750	145	4593	73,3	62,7	1900	34,0	55,9	750	11,7	64,1	525	28,3	18,6
China	3715	0 31	00 44	275	6335,0	253,4	25,0	20940,0	1047,0	20,0	12000,0	800,0	15,0	5000,0	1000,0	5,0	198537	471735	19022	191480	4787,0	40,0	183255	5235,0	35,0	72000	4000,0	18,0	25000	5000,0	5,0
Colombia	40	5	14	754							754,0	14,0	53,9				786	1576	37							1576	37,0	42,6			
Costa Rica			1	34							34,0	0,5	68,0				47	41	15							107	1,5	71,3	63	13,0	4,8
Croatia			0															1450	42,0				645	18,5	34,9	805	23,5	34,3			
Czech Republic	2	7	1	38				2,0			36,0	0,6	60,0				47	8476	163,0	550	11,0	50,0	7886	150,0	52,6	40	1,0	40,0			
Denmark	36	0	8	218	108,0	1,1	98,2				101,0	6,7	15,1	8,5	0,5	17,0	3245	17495	207,0	4700	53,0	88,7	4735	62,0	76,4	4800	82,0	58,5	60	8,0	7,5
Ecuador	40	5	2	135	135,0	2,2	61,4											420	13	320	5,5	58,2							100	7,5	13,3
Egypt	30	0	5	282	282,0	4,5	62,7										1054	7330	170,0	6350	103,0	61,7	930	17,0	54,7				500	50,0	10,0
Ethiopia			4	119				107,0	3,3					12,0	1,0		147	1284	38,0				1155	33,0	35,0	105	3,0	35,0	24	2,0	
Finland	6	0	5	130	20,0	0,5	40,0	12,0	0,1	120,0	37,0	0,5	74,0	61,0	4,3	14,2	486	12573	246,0	580	12,0	48,3	11400	225,0	50,7	565	7,5	75,3	23	0,8	28,8
France	78	0	20 <b>1</b>	620	1415,0	15,5	91,3	110,0	3,5	31,4	65,0	1,0	65,0				6903	28394	379,0	14256	196,0	72,7	6160	103,0	59,8	7888	70,0	112,7	90	5,5	16,4
Georgia	8	0	0															640	24,0				240	4,0		280	5,0		120	15,0	8,0
Germany	96	5	40 <b>2</b>	357	68,0	0,9	75,6	449,5	10,8	41,7	1831,0	27,5	66,6	9,2	1,0	9,2	3335	17313	307,0	4220	67,0	63,0	6393	131,6	48,6	6618	97,5	67,9	122	11,0	11,1
Greece	50	0	2	69				14,0	0,8	17,5	55,0	1,5					158	6275	100,0	2080	31,3	66,5	700	13,0	53,8	3425	47,0	72,9			
HK-China	72	0	3	305	5,0	0,3	16,7				300,0	2,9	103,4				410	10450	34,0	10450	34,0	307,4									
Hungary			0															1230	38,0	540	22,5	24,0	15	1,0	15,0	675	14,0	48,2			
Iceland	3	3	2	38							38,0	2,0	19,0				15	1967	71,0				720	14,0	51,4	1000	32,0	31,3	247	23,0	10,7
India	285	0 1	27 4	681	1260,0	20,0	63,0	2333,0	55,0	42,4	630,0	18,5	34,1	460,0	33,5	13,7	2380	55431	1503	16825	288,0	58,4	21665	407,0	53,2	11720	322,0	36,4	4770	421,0	11,3
Indonesia	13	0	3	126				99,0	1,5	66,0	10,0			17,0	1,5	11,3	273	5640	83	1125	18,0	62,5	275	5,0	55,0	2700	18,0	150,0	1540	42,0	36,7
Iran	537	1	74 3	384	704,7	22,3	31,6	684,8	10,3	66,5	1406,1	22,8	61,7	118,8	18,8	6,3	6682	16398	462,0	11440	225,0	50,8	2760	54,0	51,1	1388	21,0	66,1	810	164,0	4,9
Ireland			0															1880	21,0				1880	21,0	89,5						
Israel	63	0	7	331	240,0	5,0	48,0				91,0	1,5	60,7				884	6765	158,0	5930	142,0	41,8	485	12,5	38,8	350	6,5	53,8			
Italy	107	5	19 <b>1</b>	121	284,3	4,2	67,7	480,0	8,0	60,0	355,0	6,9	51,4	2,0			6141	20331	336,0	4260	57,5	74,1	7628	144,2	52,9	8430	142,7	59,1	33	1,8	18,3
Ivory Coast		+	0															910	25,0	250	5,0	50,0	550	10,0	55,0				110	10,0	11,0
Japan	1392	5 8	06 36	721	1027,0	14,0	73,4	11240,0	183,0	61,4	22248,0	309,0	72,0	2206,0	300,0	7,4	50600	184155	2611	15325		73,0	146000		69,5	22500	300,0	75,0			

		Г	In construction in 2019  2019 Metro Rail Roads Hydro/ water																				FUTUI	RE PRO	DJECT	S					$\Box$
	2016		2019	9	Met	ro		Ra	ıil		Roa	ds		Hydro	/ water		To be done	Projec	cts	Met	ro		Ra	ıil		Roa	ds		Hydro/	water	
	Mio€	km	Mic	o€	Mio€	Km	€/km	Mio€	Km	€/km	Mio€	Km	€/km	Mio€	Km	€/km	Mio€	Mio€ F	Km	Mio€	km	€/km	Mio€	km	€/km	Mio€	km	€/km	Mio€	km	€/km
Kazakhstan			0															80	1,0	80	1,0	80,0									
Kenya			2	12										12,0	1,5	8,0	60	1317	131,0				275	5,0	55,0				1042	126,0	8,3
Kuwait			0															6010	128,0	5000	96,0	52,1	450	6,0	75,0	360	6,0	60,0	200	20,0	10,0
Lao	130	) !	53	1030				720,0	34,0	21,2	40,0	0,5	80,0	270,0	18,0	15,0	2371	2256	120							480	8,0	60,0	1776	112,0	15,9
Lebanon	50		2	14														1000	12,0							1000	12,0	83,3			
Luxemburg			0																												
Malaysia	419	)	8	348	306,0	4,0	76,5	12,0	0,2					30,0	3,5	8,6	437	8308	148	1650	30,0	55,0	5640	102,0	55,3	101	15,0	6,7			
Malta			3	6										6,0	2,9	2,1	125	850	14,0							850	14,0	60,7			
Mexico	130		8	400				307,0	3,0	102,3	45,3	1,0	45,3	50,0	4,2	11,9	284	580	38	430	7,6	56,6							250	30,0	8,3
Monaco			0																												
Montenegro	35	5	3	166				166,0	3,0	55,3							1020	440	4,0				225			215	4,0	53,8			
Morocco	320		1	20							20,0	1,0	20,0				25	7568	156,0	1000	10,0	100,0	4300	91,0	47,3	2188	40,0	54,7	80	15,0	5,3
Myanmar			4	81				67,8	1,7					12,9	2,7	4,8	145	150	30,0										150	30,0	5,0
Nepal	275	,	18	185							3,0			182,0	17,9	10,2	867	7115	284	3000	66,0	45,5	1000	27,0	37,0	1385	34,0	40,7	1730	157,0	11,0
Netherlands	140		2	173							173,0	2,0	86,5					765	7,0				765	7,0	109,3						
New Zealand			4	191				150,0	1,4	110,3	5,0			36,0	2,7	13,3	640	1538	37,6				183	13,5	13,6	1355	24,0	56,5			
Nigeria			0															3710	110,0				2900	50,0	58,0	140	2,0	70,0	670	58,0	11,6
North Macedonia	15	5	0	20							20,0	0,4	50,0					2510	51,5				2150	25,5	84,3	180	3,0	60,0	180	23,0	7,8
Norway	775	5 4	49	836	34,0	3,2	10,6	213,6	7,0	30,5	513,7	29,0	17,7	75,2	10,0	7,5	2777	26730	971,0				7150	132,0	54,2	18764	750,0	25,0	682	183,0	3,7
Oman	250		2	85							85,0	1,5	56,7					4660	85,0				1600	28,0	57,1	3060	57,0	53,7			
Pakistan	125	5 2	29	269							50,0	3,5	14,3	220,0	25,5	8,6	238	6056	323				5020	200,0	25,1	278	15,0	18,5	758	108,0	7,0
Panama	240		0															3050	78,0	2750	43,0	64,0							300	35,0	8,6
Peru	360	) -	15	367	227,0	4,7	48,3				90,0	4,4	20,5	50,0	6,0	8,3	167	10455	231	5450	115,0	47,4	1700	23,0	73,9	2980	64,0	46,6	325	30,0	10,8
Philippines	10		3	40	23,0	1,0	23,0							17,0	1,7	10,0	1288	4110	70				900	35,0	25,7	3210	35,0	91,7			
Poland	75	5 -	11	538	370,5	8,0	46,3	45,0	0,6	75,0	122,5	2,4	51,0				1497	4745	77,0	2550	39,0	65,4	875	21,0	41,7	1320	17,2	76,7			
Portugal	12	2	1	6										6,0	1,0	6,0	15	408	10,0	310	5,3	58,5	70	1,3	53,8						
Qatar	1850	) -	13	196										196,0	13,0	15,1	116														
Romania	80		1	20										20,0	0,5	40,0		3650	89,0	1895	60,0	31,6				1755	29,0	60,5			
Russia	1100	) -	12	817	817,0	11,5	71,0										2533	26985	482,0	17495	402,0	43,5	6200	57,0	108,8	3290	30,0	109,7			
Rwanda		+	0	3										3,2	!		3	347	11,0				220	5,0	44,0	90	2,0	45,0	37	4,3	8,6
S. Africa Lesotho			0														12	4550	160,0	1500	40,0	37,5	1225	19,0	64,5	325	8,0	40,6	1200	96,0	12,5
S. Korea	3080	) ;	31	1725	214,0	2,6	82,3	832,0	16,0	52,0	637,0	8,0	79,6	42,0	4,0	10,5	9500	62180	1073	22380	282,0	79,4	25200	597,0	42,2	14600	198,0	73,7			
Saudi Arabia	1770	) -	16	1280													3920	16761	257,0	13550	197,0	68,8	2750	38,0	72,4	461	22,0	21,0			
Serbia	50		3	124				50,5	1,4	36,1	73,5	1,2	61,3				372	2570	37,0	1500	20,0					1070	17,0	62,9			
Singapore	1385	,	12	755	485,3	4,2	115,5				139,4		92,9	130,3	6,0	21,7	6199	3900	55	3400		69,4				500	6,0	83,3			
Slovakia	250		2	133				37,0	1,0	37,0	96,0		73,8				475	4135	92,0							4135	92,0	44,9			
Slovenia			0	16													109	1441	34,0				1071	22,0	48,7	370	12,5	29,6			
Solomon Islands		+	0															25	3,3										25	3,3	7,6
Spain	330		10	363	90,0	1,5	60,0	86,6	3,2	27,1	161,0	4,0	40,3	20,0	1,0	20,0	1640		308,0	3625	64,0	56,6	9874	203,0	48,6	2885	38,0	75,9	27	5,0	
Sri Lanka			2	7										7,0			25		5,5							186	5,5	33,8			
Sweden	130		15	430				222,0	3,5	63,4	138,0	5,5	25,1	70,0	1				118,0	1860	20.0	93,0	2160	52,0	41,5	2714	36,0	75,4	200	10,0	20,0
Switzerland	600		7	388				182,3	0,5		185,3			20,0			528		577,0	770		128,3		-		15772	231,0		2366	95,0	
Thailand	130		32	728		6,0	53,3	140,0			,3	.,,	.,,3	264,0	1				249	2080		63,8	6900			2274	19,2	118,4	913	132,0	
Tunisia			0		120,0	2,3	2,3	,0	.,5	20,0				,0	,5	, ,		.2.20			22,0	, .		23,3	- 5,=	1	, _			,0	
· umoru																															

			In construction in 2019																			FUTU	IRE PR	OJECT	s					
	2016	2	019	Met	ro		Ra	ıil		Roads			Hydro/	water		To be done	Proje	cts	Met	ro		R	ail		Roa	ads		Hydro	/ water	
	Mio€	km	Mio€	Mio€	Km	€/km	Mio€	Km	€/km	Mio€	Km	€/km	Mio€	Km	€/km	Mio€	Mio€	Km	Mio€	km	€/km	Mio€	km	€/km	Mio€	km	€/km	Mio€	km	€/km
Turkey	900	190	7144	2203,0	41,0	53,7	113,5	4,2	27,0	4438,0	116,0	38,3	388,0	29,0	13,4	11807	18644	394,0	3620	54,8	66,1	535	13,5	39,6	13364	230,0	58,1	1125	95,0	11,8
UAE		3	120	72,0	1,0	72,0				32,5	0,3	108,3	16,0	1,3	12,8	577	3875	85,5	3825	85,0	45,0				50	0,5	100,0			
UK	240	13	961							10,0	0,7	14,3	911,0	12,6		3573	70561	878,0	9606	112,0	85,8	41320	480,0	86,1	16210	163,0	99,4	425	32,0	13,3
Ukraine	12	3	125	125,0	2,5	50,0										126	4322	45,0	4302	43,5	98,9				300	1,5				
USA	775	36	1184	529,0	6,0	88,2				40,0	0,4	100,0	615,0	30,0	20,5	5570	36204	638	6153	63,0	97,7	17736	274,0	64,7	5542	41,2	134,5	6723	259,0	26,0
Venezuela	170	0																												
Vietnam	375	1	150	30,0	0,5	60,0										242	2100	27	1500	20,0	75,0				600	7,0	85,7			
Zambia		0															48	4,0										48	4,0	12,0
Zimbabwe																	24	2,0										24	2,0	12,0

Total Europe	9804	500	19672	5790	93	62,0	3146	89	35,5	8852	225	39,3	1751	93	18,8	51435	374361	6760	89284	1483	60,2	146869	2333	63,0	125998	2403	52,4	5790	540	10,7
Total Asia	23596	1136	47343	3670	53	69,8	15444	295	52,3	24211	346	70,0	3896	442	8,8	76715	366795	6701	77815	1031	75,5	212600	3539	60,1	62844	1047	60,0	11837	1022	11,6
China	37150	3100	44275	6335	253	25,0	36645	1047	35,0	12000	800	15,0	5000	1000	5,0	198537	471735	19022	191480	4787	40,0	175000	5000	35,0	90000	5000	18,0	25000	5000	5,0
Total Africa	358	12	368	133	2	66,5	107	3		70	2	41,2	58	5	11,3	674	21533	674	3575	70	51,1	10875	225	48,3	3548	65	54,6	3235	317	10,2
Total N. America	1175	52	1769	589	7	84,1	316	3	105,3	85	1	60,9	780	40	19,4	6549	43056	816	10255	137	75,1	17736	274	64,7	7312	62	117,6	7803	342	22,8
Total S. America	3657	95	3015	477	9	53,0	400	6	62,5	1428	26	54,3	505	53	9,5	7275	38567	870	17293	301	57,5	8100	147	55,1	6058	123	49,4	6263	302	20,8
Total Middle East	10221	120	5692	1299	33	39,6	685	10		1615	26	61,9	331	33	10,0	13233	62799	1358	46095	848	54,4	8975	156	57,7	6669	125	53,4	1510	234	6,5
Total Australasia	750	50	3653	850	17	50,0	593	7	80,6	2173	23	95,7	36	3		6540	15828	298	2950	64	46,1	6708	127	52,8	5605	74	75,7	565	33	17,0
TOTAL	86711	5047	125786	19143	467	41,0	41630	1461	28,5	50434	1449	34,8	12357	1669	7,4	360958	1394650	36496	438747	8720	50,3	595118	12035	49,4	290034	7900	36,7	61979	7789	8,0
TOTAL without China	49561	1947	81511	12808	214	60	4985	414	12	38434	649	59	7357	669	11	162421	922915	17474	247267	3933	63	420118	7035	60	200034	2900	69	36979	2789	13



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